

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.
February 19, SOONHOU, British steamer, 1,000.
Harris, 14th February, Pass.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
February 19, CITY OF PEKING, American str., 5,079. H. C. Dearborn, San Francisco 23rd January, and Yokohama 13th February.
Mails and General—P. M. S. S. Co.
February 19, COCKCHAPER, British gunboat, H. H. Boteleer Shanghai 13th February.
February 19, PROFONTE, British steamer, 1,387.
Geo. Hesly, Saigon 14th February, Rice—
AHENHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
February 19, CHINA, German steamer, 648.
T. P. Ulstrup, Saigon 13th February, Rice—
—MELCHERS & Co.
February 19, WELLS, German steamer, 395. E.
Piper, Pakhoi and Hoihow 17th February.
General—WUEHL & Co.
February 19, TURNEUR, French frig., Dapuis, Capo Fuk Lung (Tonquin) 16th February.
February 19, MEXICO, Chinese steamer, 1,340.
Petersen, Chefoo 14th February, General—
C. M. S. N. Co.
February 19, MARTELIN, French steamer, 1,273.
C. Bono, Yokohama 12th February, Mails and General—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
February 19, OCEANIE, French steamer, 2,693.
G. Didier, Shanghai 17th February, Mails and General—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
February 19, SIGNAL, German steamer, 835. S.
Drum, Pakhoi 16th February, and Hoihow 18th, General—SIEMSEN & Co.
February 19, VESPALEN, British str., 792. J.
Stephens, Saigon 13th February, Paddy and Rice—
ALEXHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
February 19, AMOY, German steamer, 771. C.
A. Hundewald, Amoy 18th February, and Swatow 19th February, General—CHINESE.
February 20, CHINA, German steamer, 1,092. F.
Haye, Bangkok 11th February, Rice and Teakwood—SIEMSEN & Co.
February 20, HAIPEONG, British steamer, 1,122.
S. Ashton, Foochow 16th February, Amoy 17th, and Swatow 19th, General—DOUGLAS LAFRAIT & Co.
February 20, PEKING, British steamer, 854. G.
Hesly, Shanghai 17th February, General—
SIEMSEN & Co.
February 20, QUATA, German steamer, 783. T.
T. Koch, Shikung 15th February, General—
SIEMSEN & Co.
February 20, TELAMON, British steamer, 1,555.
Jackson, London 3rd January, and Singapore 12th February, General—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
February 20, TOONAN, Chinese steamer, 1,261.
Marson, London 20th January, General—
C. M. S. N. Co.
February 20, WOLF, German str., from a cruise.
February 20, ADVENTUOUS British gunboat, from Whampoa.
CLEANING.
AT THE HARBOURMASTER'S OFFICE.
10TH FEBRUARY.
Greyhound, British str., for Hoihow.
Mongku, British str., for Swatow.
Thales, British str., for Singapore.
Comptia, Dutch str., for Singapore.
Amoy, British str., for Shanghai.
Taunder, British str., for Macao.
Bantam, Dutch str., for Amoy.
Sarthe, French str., for Haiphong.
Chi-queen, Chinese str., for Singapore.
Gilliland, British str., for Saigon.
Teriot, British str., for Saigon.
Salde, French str., for Haiphong.
Chou-chow-foo, German str., for Saigon.
Ashington, British str., for Saigon.
Carisbrooke, British str., for Saigon.

DEPARTURES.

February 19, LADIES, for London.
February 19, LORE, British str., for Singapore.
February 19, PROMETHEUS, Brit. str., for Amoy.
February 19, SOONHOU, Brit. str., for Whampoa.
February 19, AMOY, British str., for Shanghai.
February 19, COMPTIA, Dut. str., for Singapore.
February 19, MONGKU, Brit. str., for Bangkok.
February 19, ZAFIRO, British str., for Manila.
February 19, ASHINGTON, Brit. str., for Saigon.
February 20, BANTAM, Dutch str., for Amoy.
February 20, CHI-QUEEN, Chi. str., for Singapore.
February 20, CHOW-CHOW-FOO, German str., for Saigon.
February 20, GILLIAND, British str., for Saigon.
February 20, GREYHOUND, Brit. str., for Hoihow.
February 20, SARHEN, Fr. str., for Haiphong.
February 20, TEALLES, Brit. str., for Coast Ports.
February 20, TANAHMOR, British str., for Amoy.
February 20, TAVIOR, British str., for Saigon.
February 20, PEKING, Brit. str., for Whampoa.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.
Per City of Peking, str., from San Francisco, &c.—Mrs. N. Walshfield, and 50 Chinese.
Per Ashton, str., from London, &c.—Mrs. Suttor, 100 Chinese, from Singapore.
Per Hesly, str., for Coast Ports—Mrs. Judd, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Kitchan, Koko, and Arnold Elliot, and 75 Chinese.
Per Peking, str., from Shanghai—Mrs. Thomas Horo and Kennedy, 1 European and 29 Chinese, deck.
Per Mazzel, str., from Yokohama—For Hongkong—Messrs. H. Andrew and J. N. Lister, Fr. Mazzel—Mr. Blanchard and son from Koko—For Hongkong—Messrs. Watson and S. Joseph.
Per Oceanus, str., from Shanghai—For Hongkong—Mrs. E. F. Senn, and infant, Mr. and Mrs. B. Pereira, infant and child, Mr. and Mrs. Nickels, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. Courtney, Messrs. W. Judd, J. H. Hoar, Mrs. Constance, Mr. Heyman, Hesly, and servants—Sister and servant, Myburgh, and servant—G. R. Weller and son, Mr. J. Bell, Irving, and son, Mr. G. S. Nun and servant, V. Senna and servant, and 6 Chinese. For Saigon—H. E. M. T. Rodriguez (Spanish Minister). For Macao—Mrs. Constance and infant, Mr. and Mrs. McManonoff, Messrs. Bernier, Iveson, Wilson, Venetoff, and A. Fortant.
DEPARTED.
Per Zafiro, str., for Amoy—10 Chinese.
For Tealles, str., for Sydney, &c.—Prof. Watson, Messrs. W. H. Hay, and E. Ray and two sons, 4 Europeans and 20 Chinese.
The British steamer *Hillman*, from London 3rd January, and Singapore 12th February, reports had N.E. winds and fine weather throughout.
The British steamer *Pekin*, from Shanghai 17th February, reports had moderate northerly winds and fine weather with smooth sea and when the passage.

The British steamer *Hillman*, from London 3rd January, and Singapore 12th February, reports had strong northerly winds and cloudy weather to Pairs, thence to port fine weather.

INTIMATIONS.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$7,560,000.
RESERVE FUND 4,500,000.
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF 200,000.
RESERVE OF LIABILITIES OF PROPRIETORS 7,500,000.

COUNCIL OF DIRECTIONS—
Chairman—Mr. McIVER, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Mr. GROOTE, Esq.
Hon. Secretary—Mr. H. H. Boteleer, Esq.
C. D. Botes, Esq., Hon. Secretary, Esq.
H. L. Dalrymple, Esq., Hon. A. P. McEwan,
W. H. F. Darby, Esq., Hon. F. D. Samson.

CHIEF MANAGER—
HONGKONG—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
ACTING CHIEF MANAGER—
HONGKONG—JOHN WALTER, Esq.
MANAGER—
SHANGHAI—EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 percent per Annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposit—
For 3 months 3 per Cent. per Annum.
For 6 months 4 per Cent. per Annum.
For 12 months 5 per Cent. per Annum.
LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business.

DRAFFS granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

JOHN WALTER,
Acting Chief Manager,
Hongkong, 23rd August, 1886.

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 2.

Interest 31 per cent. or more than \$350 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$2,500 in one year.

2.—Depositors in the Savings Bank having \$100 or more at their option may at any time transfer the sum to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.

3.—Interest at the rate of 31 per cent. per annum will be allowed to Depositors on their balance.

4.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal.—Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books, but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal.—Depositors must hereby be empowered to apply in maintaining the Reserve Fund at a sum of not less than \$1,000,000 and also such portion of the sum of \$1,500,000 provided always that such annual appropriation shall not exceed 10 per Cent. of the sum of the profits.

6.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

7.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

8.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

9.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

10.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

11.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

12.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

13.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

14.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

15.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

16.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

17.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

18.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

19.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

20.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

21.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

22.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

23.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

24.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

25.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

26.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

27.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

28.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

29.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

That the Article of Association be altered in manner following—

30.—The following Article shall be substituted for Article No. 112, namely—112.—The Reserve Fund having now reached the sum of \$1,000,000 the General Managers and the Consultative Committee may appropriate from time to time so much of the profits as they may deem desirable to the Reserve Fund, and the General Managers may at any time transfer the sum to the Reserve Fund.

31.—That the Resolutions to be passed by the required majority will be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION to a SECOND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING which will be subsequently convened.

R E S O L U T I O N .

1887. NOW READY. 1887

INTIMATION.

CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
For 1887.
With which is incorporated
THE CHINA DIRECTORY.
(TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL ISSUE),
COMPLETE WITH APPENDIX, PLANS, &c., &c.
ROYAL SIZE, pp. 1,156.—\$5.00.
SMALLER EDITION, RY. 8vo, pp. 776.—\$3.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
has been thoroughly revised and brought up to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

It contains DESCRIPTIVE and STATISTICAL ACCOUNTS of, and DIRECTORYS for, HONGKONG, JAPAN, CHINA, TAIWAN, MACAO, CHINA, PAKHOI, HOKHOU, HONGKONG, TAIWAN, TAIWANFOO, TANANU, KELUNG, FEDDOW, HUNGCHOW, MINCHOW, SHANGHAI, CHINKIANG, WUHU, KUJIADANG, HANKOW, ICHANG, CHUNGKING, TAIKUO, TIENTSIN, PEKING, PORT ARTHUR, COREA, SICOU, JIUCHUAN, YUNAN, PORT HAMILTON, VLADIVOSTOK, NAVAL SQUADRONS—

British. French. United States. German. Japanese.

SHIPPING—Offices of the Trading Steamers of P. & O. S. S. Co. China & Manch. S. S. Co. Japanese Maritime. S. S. Co. Japan. M. S. S. Co. H. C. & M. S. B. Co. Inde-China S. N. Co. Scottish Oriental S. S. Co. Douglas S. S. Co. Miscellaneous Co. China Mar. S. N. Co. Steamers.

The LIST OF RESIDENTS now contains the names of THIRTEEN THOUSAND AND FIVE HUNDRED FOREIGNERS arranged under one Alphabet in the strictest order, the initials as well as the surnames being alphabetical.

THE MAPS and PLANS have been neatly re-drawn in a superior style, and brought up to date, and include a map of

THE PLACES OF MERCHANTS HOUSES IN CHINA. CODE OF SIGNALS IN USE AT VICTORIAN PEAK. MAP OF THE FAR EAST. MAP OF THE ISLAND OF HONGKONG. PLAN OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA. PLAN OF MOUNTAIN DISTRICT, VICTORIA. PLAN OF FOREIGN CONCESSIONS, VICTORIA. PLAN OF YOKOHAMA. PLAN OF MANIL. PLAN OF SAIGON. PLAN OF THE TOWN AND ENVIRONS OF SINGAPORE. PLAN OF GEORGE TOWN, PENANG.

Among the other contents of the book are—An Anglo-Chinese Calendar, Mean of Barometric and Thermometer, Rainfall, &c.

A full Chronology of remarkable events since the advent of foreign rule in China and Japan.

A description of Chinese Festivals, Fasti, &c., and the days on which they fall.

Comparative Tables of Money, Weights, &c. New Scale of Hongkong Stamp Duties.

The Hongkong Postal Guide for 1887.

Arrivals and Departures of Ships and Parcel Post at and from London and Hongkong.

Scales of Commissions and Charges adopted by the Chambers of Commerce of Hongkong, Shanghai, Amoy and Niuweihang.

Hongkong, Char, Jardine, and Boat Hire.

The APPENDIX consists of

FOUR HUNDRED PAGES of closely printed matter, to which reference is constantly made by residents and those having commercial or political connections with the CHRONICLE and DIRECTORY.

The Contents of this Appendix are too numerous to recapitulate in an Advertisement, but include—

TREATIES WITH CHINA—Great Britain, Nanking, 1842. Tientsin, 1843.

Customs, with Additional Article, and all others abrogated.

France, Tientsin, 1858.

Convention, 1860.

Tientsin, 1865.

Treaty of Commerce, 1866.

United States, Tientsin, 1868.

Peking, 1870.

Germany, Tientsin, 1881.

Feeding, 1881.

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the company's working property, but he was sure it would not be for long, and had very little doubt that the Ningpo Wharf would pay soon.

Mr. Jacobs said it seemed to him that in all such cases it would be better if the shareholders were brought a little more in contact with the directors. There had been too much stand off between them, and he thought it was only fair that the shareholders should know what the management was, so that they should be able to talk the matter over. Although the directors might have been perfectly justified in what they did, he thought the price paid was a very exorbitant sum to give. He thought the dividend was very much higher when he left in 1881, and he thought also that the shares then reached 300 taels while to-day they were only 160. The purchase of the Ningpo Wharf was like a nail in the stone round their necks. He had, however, no doubt that everything would be all right. In this case, of his opinion, Mr. Jacobs also urged economy, and in reply to the Chairman suggested the General Agents should reduce their charges, as they had taken 12,500 taels for the shareholders got nothing.

The suggestion that the General Agents should reduce their charges caused some amusement, and the Chairman said he thought it would be very difficult to do so in that direction—the shareholders must be satisfied.

The report was then adopted unanimously and Messrs. F. H. Bell, A. C. Westall, and A. McLeod, in conjunction with the senior representative of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Shanghai were elected directors for the current year.

Mr. Bell said that with reference to carrying on the Wharf he had consulted with Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., and the matter had been very carefully gone into by Messrs. Westall, McLeod, and himself, and under all the circumstances they considered the fairest arrangement was shun and share alike. He had therefore proposed that an arrangement be made to carry on the Wharf with Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., from July 1st, 1887, on the basis of equal division of the profits.

Mr. McLeod seconded.

Mr. DAVIS urged that, having regard to what had passed with reference to the Ningpo Wharf, the agreement should be submitted to the shareholders before it was voted to, or a special meeting be called to consider the same.

Mr. PEARSON said he would be willing to submit the matter to a special meeting.

Mr. WESTALL said it would relieve the directors of a sense of responsibility if there was a meeting of the shareholders to confirm the agreement.

But the directors had been engaged in drawing up this agreement for some weeks and had been trying to get very good terms out of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., but they were not quite agreed upon yet. He therefore did not think it would be prudent to submit the agreement while it was in that very early state, as he thought the other case was to proceed to the vote, what the directors proposed would be quite fair to both sides, and very much more in favour of the shareholders than the existing agreement. Last time they had five or six meetings and they never got to the point.

Mr. PEARSON said he did not understand the transaction as it is, and when the directors have definitely concluded the business with Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., he would be willing to submit the matter to a special meeting.

After an exhaustive discussion the resolution was put to a vote, with the following result: In favor, 25; against, 17. Under the two-thirds rule the resolution was declared lost.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN EUROPE.

LONDON, 14th January.

The Government has decided to purchase 40,000 additional horses and 500,000 Manchester riding plates by March 1st.

PARIS, 14th January.

The press of Paris is still being compelled to remove the provincial authorities inquiring into the case, as it is intended to clear the town of our Chimeras.

AN AMERICAN EXECUTION.

BERLIN, 15th January.

The *Bazileus des Zeitung* announces that arrangements have been made to hold an exhibition of American products at Mannheim in the autumn. Illustrations of life in America will also be presented and the exhibition is only intended to show what the American does in the way of commerce and business enterprise in the United States.

The committee bearing the name of the master in charge is composed of leading citizens of Mannheim. The exhibition which the management hopes will become permanent will be opened at the Central Museum of American Products.

END OF THE COLONIAL CAMPAIGN.

LONDON, 15th January.

Lord Cola Campbell has abandoned his intention to move for a new trial of his divorce suit against his wife, and will not apply to the Court to fix a date for a hearing.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S LATE WORK.

NEW YORK, 23rd January.

The *Times* London edition of the 21st says: The grand dress rehearsal of the latest work of Sir Arthur Sullivan and W. S. Gilbert, which is to be the last of a series of comic operas, will be given at the Royal Opera House on the 25th inst. The *Times* took place to-night in the Savoy Theatre. The impression created by the rehearsal was not very favourable. The music is not up to the standard of Sir Arthur Sullivan. As a whole it is largely commonplace. Gilbert's dialogue is the first act is here, and there's very amusing, but in the second it is slow and tedious. As a spectacle the work is a great success. The costumes are elaborate, rich and varied, the procession of actors being specially striking in colour and design.

MR. JOHN BRIGHT ON FEDERATION.

LONDON, 16th January.

John Bright, in a letter declining an invitation to attend a meeting of the Association of federation, on the ground that he has sympathy with the principles of the movement, but with the view of co-operation, he has accepted the invitation to meet with the fisheries delegation between Canada and the United States. If Canada were independent he asserts she would yield to the arguments of her powerful neighbour, and if there were no Dominion of Canada the dispute would soon have been settled by English concession to America's reasonable claims. The federation project, he said, is the only object of a large number of Englishmen, and is not and cannot be a visionary empire, and seems almost ready to assert that the empire can fight the world outside of its own limits. Bright says he would recommend sensible men to look at this question rest.

INVISIBLE DEFENCES.

LONDON, 16th January.

Sir Andrew Clark, formerly Inspector-General of Fortifications, and one of the most distinguished members of the Royal Engineers, has been appointed to the command of a special committee of coast defences. Instead of absolute invulnerability, his principle is the invincibility of the defences. He would have each gun occupy a hole in the ground, and would raise it for action by hydraulic contrivances. After firing it would sink into the pit again to be reloaded, so it would be exposed only for a few seconds. Thus the locality of the pit could not be exposed, and the gun would only be used when the gunners were within the fortifications.

THE two men arrested at Lyons yesterday on suspicion of being German spies now profess to be Americans. The soldier who brought about their arrest was a terrible man named Goblet, who is described as a terrible man.

LONDON, 16th January.

The police have been giving a number of indications that the man who started the panic of the Hebrew entertainment last night, One statement is that this was started by the police for the purpose of getting an opportunity to despoil the many rich Jewesses in the halls of the costly jewels they bore on their persons.

The girls to-day resembled a disordered auction-room—broken furniture, crushed toys, children's hats, broken bottles, orange peels, actors' wigs, and the like. The police, however, did not touch the leaders of the panic.

There are many blood spots on the backs of chairs and the floor. Here and there ghastly knots of hair are clinging to the window-frames, most of which were badly smashed. Several bodies were found at the bottom of the stone staircase leading to the gallery, where a terrible struggle took place, and a frantic effort to escape the flames.

THE two men arrested at Lyons yesterday on suspicion of being German spies now profess to be Americans. The soldier who brought about their arrest was a terrible man named Goblet, who is described as a terrible man.

It is learned to-night that one clause of the treaty recently negotiated by Secretary Bayard with the Chinese Minister to further restrict Chinese immigration extends the period of the exclusion of the Chinese from this country to thirty years from the date of the ratification of the treaty, and that the Chinese Government has given its assent to the proposal of the Pacific Coast delegation in Congress. Efforts are being made to secure in the treaty that provision of the Monroe bill which denies the right to return to Chinamen who, having come to this country, leave, declaring their intention to return, but do not come back within the period of two years. It is not at all probable that any treaty concluded by the State Department and the Chinese Embassy is much gratified at the satisfactory conclusion.

WASHINGTON, 16th January.

It is understood that the negotiations with the Chinese Government have been successful, and that the clause in the President's message, for such modification of the existing clause as will entirely prevent the introduction of Chinese coolie labour into this country, has been brought to a successful termination, and that in a few days an amended treaty covering this point will be submitted to the Senate for ratification. Both the State Department and the Chinese Embassy are much gratified at the satisfactory conclusion.

WASHINGTON, 16th January.

It was thought that the present treaty would accomplish all that its proponents desired, but it failed to do so, and the restrictive enactment made by Congress to carry out the treaty also failed to exclude Chinese labourers from the country. The law and treaty stipulations have both been violated, and the new treaty of the Empire of China, which is to be submitted to the Senate, will be binding. Should the new treaty be adopted in Congress, promptly to close them.

NEW YORK, 17th January.

The *Times*' Washington office has completed and will send to the Senate, it is said, the draft of a new treaty with China. Briefly, the treaty provides that the importation of Chinese coolies into the country shall be stopped by means and prevention to be adopted by both governments with equal care. No American labourers are to be allowed to enter China, and Chinese labourers from leaving this country, they would pay no attention to it if they could succeed in finding. Should the new treaty be introduced in Congress promptly to close them.

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Hongkong, 17th September, 1886. [124]

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Hongkong, 19th December, 1886. [154]

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Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAK & CO.,

Hongkong, 1st February, 1887. [143]

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For Further Particulars apply to the Under-signed.

E. L. WOODIN,

Acting Superintendent,

Hongkong, 23rd November, 1886. [44]

TO LET.

ROOMS IN "COLLEG CHAMBERS."

No. 18, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & CO.,

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TRADE MAZE.

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Notice of Registration appeared in the Government Gazette (Notification No. 42) of 1885.

Mr. LEUNG SHIK WAN is informed that certain Traders have imitated or used his Trade Mark, and he offers a Reward of \$500 to any Person who will give satisfactory information in proof of such imitation or wrongful use of the said Mark.

Mr. HENRY J. HOLMES is Solicitor for the said LEUNG SHIK WAN.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1887.

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Foremen should be at hand, orders for repairs if

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Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found

newsworthy, what remedial steps will be taken

to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 26th August, 1886. [38]

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Hongkong, 1st July, 1886. [124]

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